



FROM THE HISTORY OF TASHKENT STATE LAW UNIVERSITY

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Article history:	Abstract:
Received: July 17 th 2022 Accepted: August 20 th 2022 Published: September 30 th 2022	As it is known from society and human development, the formation and development of legal science and education was influenced by the needs of the society and the state for fair law and the need to systematize the current legislation. The secular legal education of our country has a glorious, tradition-rich history. The foundation of secular legal education in our country was established on April 21, 1918, with the introduction of the Faculty of Socio-Economics with a legal department in Turkestan People's University.
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The People's University of Turkestan was reorganized as a state university, and in 1923, the first 71 lawyers graduated from its law institute. In 1924, the faculty of "Social Sciences" was transformed into the faculty of "Local Economy and Law" and the volume of training of legal personnel increased significantly. In the following years, attention was paid to connecting legal education with the national economy and real life, introducing lessons in the local language into the educational processes, preparing curricula and manuals in those languages, and attracting more children of the local population to study. In 1938, the All-Union Tashkent Legal Institute was established. It played the role of a single educational institution in supplying highly qualified judges, prosecutors, lawyers, notaries, and internal affairs officers for Uzbekistan. In 1947, the Faculty of Law was established within the Central Asian State University. The main goal was to train scientific staff in the field of jurisprudence. In 1990, based on the decision of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Tashkent State Legal Institute was established on the basis of the Faculty of Law under TashDU, and on August 15, 1991, according to the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers, it was separated from Tashkent State University under the name of Tashkent State Legal Institute. At the Tashkent State Legal Institute, in 1991-1993, A.A.Azamkhozhayev, 1993-1994, A.Saidov, 1994-1995, Sh.Z.Orazaev, 1995-2001, H. Boboiev, 2001-2012, M. Rustambaev figures worked as rectors¹.

By the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. 1990 dated June 28, 2013, the Tashkent State Law Institute was transformed into the Tashkent State Law University. According to this

decision, this institution was designated as the basic state higher education and scientific pedagogical institution for the training and retraining of legal personnel in the specialty "jurisprudence". In 2012-2013, Doctor of Legal Sciences, Professor O.3. Mukhammedjanov, and during 2013-2019, candidate of legal sciences E.S. Kanyazov worked as the rector of the university.

Today, it can be proudly acknowledged that hundreds of specialists who received education and work at this educational institution are still working honestly and selflessly in high positions of state and community management. Among them B. Mustafoev, A. Azizkhojaev, U. Toyankhanov, N. Ismailov, A. Saidov, N. Yoldoshev, P. Bobojonov, U. Mingboev, M. Abdusalomov, U. Bozorov, M. Ikromov, E. Khalilov, It is appropriate to mention the names of B. Mavlonov. Today, students, scientific and pedagogical staff, who are considered equal to our independence, frame the long-standing traditions of the university, burn new huge milestones, and actively participate in the promising directions of legal education and science. Tashkent State Law University is about to celebrate its 30th anniversary. Although the past 30 years seem like a moment in ancient history, this time is a whole period for this educational institution. It should be noted that in 1991, the most prestigious higher education institution of the republic, its law faculty separated from the Tashkent State University and was established as an independent Tashkent State Law Institute. It can be said without any exaggeration that at that time this event was met with great satisfaction by our people, especially by the legal community. Consequently, the opening of a special institute specializing in the training of legal personnel was undoubtedly of great importance as it was aimed at

¹ Newsletter of legal sciences. Pages 8-16



raising the work of training legal personnel to a new level of quality in our country.

It should be noted that the contribution of doctor of legal sciences, professor, academician, first rector of TDUU Anvar Azamkhozhaev in the establishment of the Tashkent State Legal Institute deserves special recognition. It is worth mentioning that the Tashkent State Legal Institute occupied a central place in the training of legal personnel, development of legal sciences and preparation of legal educational literature in our country in 1991-2013, that is, for almost a quarter of a century. The Institute has provided qualified personnel not only in the field of law, but also in the field of public administration; Specialized councils were opened in almost all areas of legal science, where hundreds of researchers defended their scientific works; textbooks, training manuals and educational materials were prepared for all subjects taught at the institute; the institute has developed mutually beneficial cooperation relations with other universities, law enforcement bodies and foreign educational institutions.

2013 has a special place in the life of this higher legal educational institution. Consequently, this year, by the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Tashkent State Legal Institute was reorganized into the Tashkent State Legal University. This event opened the door to great opportunities for the university in terms of training legal personnel, adapting educational processes to modern requirements, connecting theoretical knowledge with practice, creating new generation textbooks, and strengthening the material and technical base of the university. During the past time, Tashkent State Law University has carried out significant work in terms of training legal personnel, raising the content and form of the educational process to a new level, preparing new educational literature, and strengthening the international relations of the educational institution.

One such case is that TDYUU entered the list of TOR 401-600 universities according to the results of The Impact Ranking published in 2021 by the Times Higher Education organization, which covers important issues related to the field of higher education and evaluates the activities of universities.

It should be said that the place and role of the teachers and professors who worked in this educational institution and are currently working in this educational institution is significant in its success. The leading representatives of legal science, including the deceased doctors of legal sciences, academicians Anvar Azamkhozhaev, Shavkat Urazaev, Haji-akbar Rahmonkulov, doctors of legal sciences, professors Ikrom Bekenov Zokirov, Shoakbar Shorahmedov, Zayniddin Islamov, Georgiy Sarkisyants, Yakov Pesin,

Gafur Abdumajidov and many other scientists have been working for a long time and made a great contribution to the training of highly qualified legal personnel and the development of legal sciences in our country².

Professor Zayniddin Islamov, who made a significant contribution to the development of Uzbek jurisprudence, especially to the development of the science of state and legal theory, occupies a special place among these great people whose names have been mentioned above. Unfortunately, untimely death took the teacher from our ranks. If they were alive now, they would be 83 years old this year.

When thinking about Zayniddin Islamov and his scientific activities, we would like to emphasize first of all that this person was a correct, sincere and noble person. Whether they were at various meetings or scientific events, he was distinguished by his original thoughts, the ability to easily say things that most people could not say, and the ability to show his position.

It is known that the theory of state and law serves as the basis for all legal sciences and legal thinking. It is not for nothing that he is called the "father of legal sciences". Consequently, this discipline teaches the most important and general concepts, categories, terms and laws of state-legal phenomena that all other legal disciplines use, use and rely on. Therefore, this science appropriately performs a fundamental and methodological task for other legal sciences. Zayniddin Islamov never tired of emphasizing that this subject has a special place in the training of legal personnel and in the formation of their legal thinking. The teacher also made a significant contribution to the organization of training of scientific and legal personnel. In 1994-1996, they worked in the positions of vice-rector for scientific affairs at TDUI, and in 1996-2012, they worked as the head of the "Theory of State and Law" department. In his work, on the one hand, he was demanding, and on the other hand, he was tolerant towards colleagues, employees and students. The scientific works and textbooks published by the teacher during his scientific and pedagogical activity have made a great contribution to the activity of the higher legal educational institution in this regard. Consequently, Zayniddin Islamov is the author of many scientific works, textbooks and training manuals devoted to the current problems of the state and law. Such works of the scientist include "State and law: general theoretical issues" (2000), "Obshchestvo. Gosudarstvo. Pravo" (Voprosy teorii) (2001); "Civil society: yesterday, today, tomorrow" (2002); "Constitution and the rule of law - legality and law are

² History of the state and law of Uzbekistan. Pages 121-123



a necessary condition of order" (2002); "Problema vlasti: ee ponimanie, naznachenie, sotsialnaya tsennost" (2003); "Uzbekistan towards modernization and democratic development" (2005); "State and law theory" (2007); "Prava cheloveka v sovremennoy jurisprudentsii" (2008); Books such as "Jurisprudence: past and present" (2010); "Vvedenie v teoriyu jurisprudentsii" (2011) can be included. The scientist's scientific and pedagogical activity was duly appreciated by our state, and by the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Zayniddin Islamov was awarded the "Shuhrat" medal. the highest value of his work is the recognition of his students and the legal community. In addition, the "Criminal Law and Criminology" department is one of the leading departments of the Tashkent State Legal Institute, and was established in 1945 under the name of the "Criminal Law" department at the Faculty of Law of Tashkent State University. His teachers taught criminal law (general and special part), criminology, corrections, labor law to students. It was headed by B.A. Ahmedov (1973-1985), S.G. Zakutsky (1985-1988).

In the department, the first Uzbek academician in the field of jurisprudence, Kh.S. I.M. Karaketov was the leading jurist of our country. Among the members of the department were V.A. Tokmakov, I.P. Mityakin, E.B. Pinkhasova, M. Kadirova, O. Kuryazov, A. Khalikov, I.S. Sobirov, A.P. Allaberganov, M.Kh. Sulaimanov were also engaged in pedagogical and scientific activities.

To sum up, Tashkent State Law University, which plays a key role in the training of legal personnel in Uzbekistan, operates as a leading modern higher education institution. The work of teachers who worked in this educational institution is reflected in the achievements of the university. The task of the new generation is to deeply study the scientific heritage left by the masters and continue it in accordance with today's modern requirements.

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