



LAW REFORMS ARE FOR THE BENEFIT OF PEOPLE!

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Received: November 10 th 2022 Accepted: December 11 th 2022 Published: January 18 th 2023	The article contains proposals regarding the law reforms being carried out in the Republic of Uzbekistan, areas requiring law reforms, a number of problems and shortcomings.
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A legal state is a state in which everyone is equal and accountable before the laws adopted on the basis of democratic principles, and no one is above the law. In this sense, I propose to clearly strengthen the idea that "Uzbekistan is a legal state" in our Constitution.¹

Shavkat Mirziyoyev.

Today, every developed country can boast of its strong and transparent laws. For many years, these countries have been implementing law reforms for the benefit of people and members of society in order to establish a legal state, because the state should work in the interests of the people. In any society, human interests are considered above all else. As a result of the reforms in Uzbekistan, a number of works aimed at honoring human dignity have been carried out. Our people and the representatives of the international community see them and give their positive evaluations. The establishment of a system of communication with the people, the fundamental reform of the illogical "propiska" system, the introduction of the principle of extraterritoriality in the provision of public services, the constant reporting of officials, the establishment of requirements aimed at ensuring the openness of their activities, human rights and freedoms. Among these are a number of examples, such as raising the level of respect for people, abandoning forced labor, and easing the problems of the population. Most importantly, everyone sees and feels such changes in their daily life. In the future reforms, it is aimed to further improve these achieved results and create additional conditions for people. Legislature is one of the three branches of government according to the principle and theory of separation of powers. The legislative power will have the authority to adopt the Constitution and laws, to introduce relevant amendments and additions to them, and in necessary cases to cancel them in accordance with the established procedure. To strengthen the guarantees of the rights and freedoms of citizens, to further strengthen their personal, social, economic and other rights in the legislation, to ensure the true independence and openness of the justice system, in turn, to adopt relevant normative legal documents, to

make changes and additions to the existing ones, as well as some legislation requires cancellation of documents. Usually, the welfare state supports the population in need of social protection, eliminates poverty and unemployment, ensures continuous growth of citizens' employment and income, supports young entrepreneurs and women's entrepreneurship, education, health achieving sustainable development of health care and spiritual and cultural spheres, improving the social insurance system, preventing sharp social differentiation in society and mitigating social inequality, providing decent living conditions for all by revising benefits performs tasks such as creating. In this sense, the social state implies convergence and harmonization of the goals of civil society institutions and state organizations. In today's rapidly developing era, new forms of legal needs are emerging. There are enough reasons to further strengthen legal reforms in our country. For example, today, the rights of our doctors, who provide us with qualified emergency medical care, take care of our pain in our difficult and sick days, and most importantly, consider it their highest goal to care for our lives, are being violated. Doctors face many problems while performing their duties and are beaten. Law reforms should be implemented in the interests of our doctors. That is, in order to protect the rights of doctors, it is necessary to develop a separate law that is well thought out and can be a solution to all the problems. Of course, doctors are first and foremost a servant created by God, that is, a human being, and they should not be left out of the law reforms. Another area that needs to be reformed is the system of lawyers. Lawyers are ambassadors of justice who listen to people's pain, provide them with legal assistance and ease their burdens, in short, save people when a difficult day befalls them. Highly educated and

¹ "Shavkat Mirziyoyev Konstitutsiyaga qanday o'zgartirishlarni taklif qildi? – O'zbekiston yangiliklari – Gazeta.uz"



skilled, experienced lawyers also serve human interests in the way of legal reforms, of course in a fair manner.

Fundamentally increase the capacity of the Advocacy Institute to protect human rights, freedoms and legal interests, as well as fully satisfy the demand of citizens and business entities for qualified legal services;

Transferring the Institute of Advocacy to a full-fledged self-management system, strengthening the accountability of the management bodies of the Chamber of Advocates to the community of lawyers, attracting young qualified personnel to the system;

Formation of modern and effective mechanisms and institutional foundations of the lawyer training system;

Putting an end to excessive bureaucracy and red tape by introducing modern information technologies to advocacy activities, establishing electronic document exchange with courts, law enforcement agencies and other state bodies;

It was decided to expand the scope of providing free legal assistance, to provide the services of notary and civil status deed writing agencies without hassle, including remotely and on the basis of the "one-stop shop" principle.

We also need to train lawyers who are patriots and masters of their profession, similar to the Japanese "bengoshi".² In short, in our country, ensuring the independence of the judicial system, protecting the inviolable rights and legitimate interests of citizens, liberalizing the criminal law, and achieving the actual independence of the justice system are all part of the "Reform - for man!" is a practical expression of the life motto. Consequently, these radical reforms serve to ensure the rule of law in our society and protect the rights, freedoms and legal interests of citizens in a fair manner.

During the period of legal reforms, for the first time in the history of Uzbekistan, a system was established to appeal to the court against the decisions and illegal actions of state bodies and officials. This system, which was created in order to ensure the constitutional right in practice, began to bear its results in a short period of time. For example, during 2019 and 2020, 31,321 applications were considered by administrative courts, of which 21,272 or about 67.9% were satisfied. In particular, 2,852 decisions of governors were declared illegal, and the violated rights of citizens and legal entities were restored.

In the implementation of law reforms, women's rights should also be developed without contradicting our religion and mentality. If we look at the world practice, the role of women in society is slowly gaining its place, both legally and spiritually, even in Saudi Arabia, the homeland of Islam. For example: between 2017 and 2020, Saudi Arabia significantly improved working conditions for women, addressing mobility, sexual violence, pensions and workplace rights, including employment and discrimination protections. Today, in the country's judicial system, a number of activities are being carried out to ensure gender equality, increase the position of women in the field of justice, and especially to support female judges. In particular, in 2019, there were 149 female judges, and in 2020, this figure was 157. In the first quarter of 2021, out of a total of 1214 judges in the country, 1053 were men, and 161 were women, i.e. 15.3%. Also, 15 of the 63 judges working in the Supreme Court today are women (31.25%). Based on the above information, we are moving in the direction of correct and well-thought-out legal reforms. Because every developed law should be thoroughly discussed if it does not correspond to the legal interests of even one citizen of this society. Draft laws must be developed and reformed by highly qualified and knowledgeable persons, taking into account the personal opinion of each person.

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