



ISSUES OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND FORMATION OF ECOLOGICAL CULTURE OF PRIMARY CLASS STUDENTS

Nilufar Boynazarova

Termiz State Pedagogical Institute
Department of Primary Education Methodology
Teacher

Article history:	Abstract:
Received: 4 th August 2023 Accepted: 4 th September 2023 Published: 8 th October 2023	This article talks about feedback on the formation of environmental education and culture, valuable information on the field of Ecology and Environmental Protection, Conservation of nature, rational use of Natural Resources, methods of educating students through methodological educational materials.

Keywords: Ecological culture, ecological upbringing, ecology, ecological and delicate upbringing, ecological upbringing in the family, attitude to nature, concepts of "human-nature-society", environmental protection, mature person, ecological knowledge, social relations.

In our country physically young generation to the world coming and development for all necessary conditions is being created. Healthy marriage style to form clean surroundings without environment, different by doing so to speak ecological safe natural without environment one don't side imagination reached it won't be. Healthy marriage style and surroundings natural environment each other with mutually closely is connected[1]. Healthy surroundings natural environment, natural of the environment clean and purity of children healthy and mature adult enough main from the factors is one.

Ecological problem development, security, population marriage and directly people of life duration effect showing especially of the population the most young part has been children to his life big risk puts[2]. It is not a secret that it is polluted and poisoned the environment the first in line yet young, now developed forming going to the organism big effect shows his physiological and spiritual development effect on the situation not enough won't stay[3].

Especially now at the time in the family ecological factor and requirements based on healthy marriage style formation issues important occupation is doing[4]. Ours in our opinion, family is family members in the middle healthy marriage style form, to him compliance to do and promote to do, harmful habits prevention get, clean pure natural environment decision find small bright model is considered Family of members relationship, economy conduct style, procedures and habits-skills of the family values determines[5].

Science and technology development, demographic processes, global climate change such as one series factors because of more and more serious color take going ecological problems today the

world community justified respectively to worry is putting Next in years this problems eliminate environment protection to do the world according to big funds oriented, theoretical and practical measures is being seen.

this regard also wide in our country in scope reforms done increased, underground and land over wealth, plant and animal the world of our constitution separately clause, as well as one series belongs to laws with state protection taken from them reasonable use with care upcoming pass on to generations issues separately attention is being directed[6].

Enlightened people of the world, nature lovers, if necessary, various politicians and artists, philosophers, should urgently take action to protect and preserve mother nature, eliminate the negative consequences of climate change, and prevent various natural disasters. if no action is taken, the consequences will be extremely disastrous. Various organizations, social movements, and political parties are being organized for this purpose. The goal is to preserve mother nature, preserve the flora and fauna of our planet and pass it on to future generations, and prevent the chain of nature from being broken[7].

Many environmental disasters are occurring on the planet Earth, climate warming, increasing desertification, destruction of the world of flora and fauna, disappearance of rare animal and plant species, depletion of usable water resources, land degradation the destruction and unfitness for crops, air pollution and as a result the increase of various diseases, etc. today require completely new approaches from humanity, a radical change in attitude to ecology[8].

First of all, the attitude of adults to nature and the environment plays an important role in the formation of ecological culture lessons in our children.



Children who see and feel the constant attention and efforts of their parents to keep the environment clean, try to follow them, take an example and an example from them. Planting a tree in the yard and on the street together with the family in early spring, taking care of it, beautifying and landscaping, beautifying the yard is a good model school for every child, and a good and creative attitude to the environment. lays the groundwork for defining[9].

In turn, the aesthetic outlook and thinking of the children involved in the greening process expands, their spiritual aesthetic enjoyment of nature, its rich variety of colors, and their familiarity with nature increases[13-20]. There is no child who does not like flowers. Cultivation and maintenance of cultivated flowers in our house is a good effective means of environmental education and develops children's ecological consciousness. Flowers and green plants in the house, in turn, supply oxygen to the air and ensure that our children breathe fresh air . Girls are especially fond of flowers, and boys tend to take care of living animals.

Parents identifying these tendencies in their children from an early age and working on them will lead to the expansion of their children's worldview and will have a good result. Parents should explain to them that the knowledge and lessons about nature learned by children at school are followed and applied in practice in everyday life. It is necessary not to allow signs of extravagance in the attitude of our children, to prevent it, to inculcate thriftiness and entrepreneurship qualities from a young age. Nature is not an inexhaustible treasure, many natural resources cannot be restored[10].

It is worth noting that childhood is the first, carefree stage of human life. Children the environment and in it happened giving events to understand emotional they approach Of this as a result in them , gradually events essence expressive personal look , quality and independent relationship formed , their in the psyche preserved remains . Of nature strong educational potential account take , family with together nature to his bosom travel organize own in turn of children observability , wrapping standing natural from the environment aesthetic pleasure , sympathy feeling , nature in the bosom themselves how catch rules and manners to form their healthy , spiritual and intellectual development help gives[11].

His parents to the environment behavior in the child how relationship wakes up ? Trash and waste face came to the lands to shed , it burning , esp autumn Khazon line period khazons turn on the air polluting unpleasant cases involuntarily our eyes falls _ Most sadly we sometimes this to the process we are also taking children , that's it such as things to them

ordered in the end them such negative of actions directly we will also turn it into a participant . Own in turn while children adults from action , attitude example they get[12].

Children's to the environment has been side effect to the relationship parents relationship notifications and of this negative the consequence explain, natural environment cleanliness of the air purity first of all there is our our health , our life stability provide diligently to teach it is necessary.

REFERENCES:

1. Mukhtarova L.A. Ways of formation of ecological culture in children of primary age // AJMR:Asian Journal of Multidimensional Research Journal. Vol 10, Issue 4, April, 2021. - Pp 648-652. (Impact Factor 7.699).
2. Мухтарова, Л. А. (2017). BOSHLANG'ICH SINFLARDA RIVOJLANTIRUVCHI TA'LIM TEXNOLOGIYASIDAN FOYDALANISH IMKONIYATLARI. Апробация, (2), 93-94.
3. Мухтарова, Л. А. (2017). BOSHLANG'ICH TA'LIM SAMARADORLIGINI OSHIRISHDA INNOVATSION TA'LIM TEXNOLOGIYALARINING O'RNI. НАУЧНЫЙ ПОИСК В СОВРЕМЕННОМ МИРЕ (pp. 119-120).
4. Mukhtarova, L. A. (2021). THE USE OF INNOVATIVE EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGIES IN THE FORMATION OF A CULTURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY. Oriental renaissance: Innovative, educational, natural and social sciences, 1(10), 792-797.
5. Abdimannabovna, M. L. (2022). Opportunities for an Interdisciplinary Integrated Approach to Improving the Culture of Environmental Safety. *Eurasian Scientific Herald*, 7, 7-12.
6. Mukhtarova Lobar Abdimannabovna. (2021). POSSIBILITIES OF AN INTEGRATIVE APPROACH TO THE FORMATION OF A CULTURE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY. *European Scholar Journal*, 2(11), 43-44.
7. Abdimannabovna, M. L. (2021). Formation of the Ecological Culture of Schoolchildren in the Study of Natural Science. *International Journal of Innovative Analyses and Emerging Technology*, 1(6), 73-76.
8. Muxtarova, L. A. (2021). Ways of formation of ecological culture in children of primary age. *Asian Journal Of Multidimensional Research*, 10(4), 648-652.
9. Muxtarova, L. A. (2021). Use of multimedia technologies in the educational process. *ACADEMICIA: An International*



- Multidisciplinary Research Journal*, 11(4), 1781-1785.
10. Мухтарова, Л. А. (2018). Пути Использования Возможностей Мультимедиа В Повышении Качества И Эффективности Уроков Чтения В Начальных Классах. *Научные горизонты*, (11-1), 247-252.
 11. Мухтарова, Л. А. (2018). Развитие И Формирования Критического Мышления У Школьников Начальных Классах. Гуманитарный трактат, (24), 13-14.
 12. Abdusamatov, A. S. (2021). Methodological innovations in primary education and their organizational-active and purposeful implementation. *Asian Journal of Multidimensional Research*, 10(8), 53-58.
 13. Abdusamatov, A. S., & Ibragimova, K. (2021). SYSTEMS OF INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT OF MATHEMATICAL EDUCATION IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS. *CURRENT RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PEDAGOGICS*, 2(05), 120-123.
 14. Abdusamatov, A. S. (2021). MODELING METHODS AIMED AT THE FORMATION OF UNIVERSAL TRAINING IN THE INITIAL EDUCATION. *CURRENT RESEARCH JOURNAL OF PEDAGOGICS*, 2(08), 34-38.
 15. Sobirovich, A. A. (2023). USING A VISUAL-CONSTRUCTIVE MODEL IN INTRODUCING
 16. Жумаева, Г. Т. (2019). ФОРМИРОВАНИЕ ПРАВОВОГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ В НАЧАЛЬНОЙ ШКОЛЕ. In *НАУЧНЫЕ ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ И ОТКРЫТИЯ 2019* (pp. 188-190).
 17. Жумаева, Г. Т. (2016). Современные технологии обучения учащихся. *Евразийский научный журнал*, (6), 456-458.
 18. Salokhitdinova, N. M. (2020). PROVIDING MEMBERSHIP BETWEEN TESTING AND INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT PROGRAMS FROM PRIMARY SCHOOL MATHEMATICS (An example of elementary school math). *Scientific and Technical Journal of Namangan Institute of Engineering and Technology*, 2(12), 14-19.
 19. Салохитдинова, Н. (2021). Development prospects of primary education integration (on the example of exact and natural sciences). *Общество и инновации*, 2(7/S), 221-225.
 20. Салохитдинова, Н. (2022). Aniq va tabiiy fanlar tushunchalarining integratsiyasi (Aniq va tabiiy fanlar misolida). *Современные тенденции инновационного развития науки и образования в глобальном мире*, 1(3), 368-371.
 21. Salohiddinova, N. (2022). INTEGRATION OF EXACT AND NATURAL SCIENCES CONCEPTS (On the example of exact and natural sciences). *Emergent: Journal of Educational Discoveries and Lifelong Learning (EJEDL)*, 3(11), 158-165.
 22. Jumaeva, H. (2020). Some Shapes of Spiritual Attack, Its Influences and Outcomes for Educating the Youth. *European Journal of Research and Reflection in Educational Sciences* Vol, 8(2).
 23. Djumayeva, H. M. (2021). DEVELOPING THE PEDAGOGICAL MECHANISM OF PREVENTING STUDENTS FROM INTERNAL THREATS. *Oriental renaissance: Innovative, educational, natural and social sciences*, 1(10), 331-338.
 24. Джумаева, Х. М. (2018). ГЛОБОЛАШУВ ДАВРИДА, ЁШЛАРИ МАЪНАВИЙ ТАХДИДЛАРДАН ҲИМОЯ ҚИЛИШ ОМИЛЛАРИ. *Интернаука*, (46-2), 70-71.
 25. Қодирова, А. Б. (2022). АБУ АБДУЛЛОҲ МУҲАММАД ИБН АЛИ ҲАКИМ ТЕРМИЗИЙНИНГ "ОҚИЛЛАР ВА АЛДАНГАНЛАР" АСАРИДА НАФС ТАРБИЯСИНИНГ ПСИХОЛОГИК ОМИЛЛАРИ. *Science and innovation*, 1(В3), 119-124.
 26. Қодирова, А. Б. (2019). The views of Al Khakim At-Termizi on the theory of cognition. *Psixologiya*, (1), 88-90.
 27. Qodirova, A. (2022). УЛУФ МУҲАДДИС ИМОМ АТ-ТЕРМИЗИЙ ФАОЛИЯТИНИНГ ПСИХОЛОГИК ЖИҲАТЛАРИ. *Science and innovation*, 1(В7), 1086-1090.
 28. Samadova, V. (2022). SIMILE IS ONE OF THE OLDEST FORM OF A SPEECH. *Science and innovation in the education system*, 1(4), 82-83.
 29. Мухтарова, Л. А. (2018). Развитие творческого мышления у школьников начальных классов. *Гуманитарный трактат*, (24), 9-10.
 30. Tangirova, M., & MUKHTAROVA, L. (2023). Ways of reading literacy development in primary school pupils.
 31. Kulmuminov, U., & Mukhtarova, L. (2023). POSSIBILITIES OF CREATIVE THINKING AND ITS MANIFESTATION IN THE EDUCATIONAL PROCESS. *Open Access Repository*, 4(02), 81-84.