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### PUNCTUATION AND WRITTEN SPEECH PROBLEMS IN UZBEKI

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Article history:		Abstract:
	26 <sup>th</sup> March 2024 11 <sup>th</sup> April 2024	The article describes the existence of a synonymous relationship between punctuation marks in the Uzbek language, and this relationship occurs through the use of one instead of the other in the text. The method and procedure of using punctuation marks, the organic connection of punctuation marks with the syntactic structure of the language are discussed. This article shows, with examples, that there is a practice of using one punctuation mark instead of another, but using this practice does not always produce the expected result

**Keywords:** punctuation, logical principle, grammatical principle, diacritical marks, differentiation (difference), punctuation

**INTRODUCTION** (INTRODUCTION). Punctuation marks are used as an important visual tool for the correct, expressive, logical expression of written speech, its condensing, to show the mutual logical and grammatical connections of parts of written speech. Punctuation marks are of great importance in determining the content of the written text, shades of meaning, syntactic parts (structure), semantic and grammatical relations between these parts. The rules for using punctuation marks are defined on the basis of logical-grammatical, stylistic and differentiation principles. Punctuation, derived from the Latin punctum, meaning dot or small point, is a system of non-alphabetic symbols that is an important component of written language, along with graphics and orthography. Its main task is to divide the text into sections and present it graphically. Punctuation also includes historical rules and norms specific to each language that govern how punctuation is formalized in written text.

ANALYSIS OF LITERATURE ON THE TOPIC (LITERATURE REVIEW). The development and stability of today's Uzbek art of punctuation is connected with the names of S. Ibrohimov, HG'oziyev, O. Usman, G'. Abdurahmonov, K. Nazarov and other scientists[6].

Our linguists such as S. Ibrohimov, HG'oziyev, O. Usman, G'. Abdurahmanov talk about the connection of punctuation with orthography.

Orthography studies the correct spelling of words and is closely related to morphology; punctuation is closely connected with syntax, serving for the correct expression of the thought in it, the correct structure of sentences. For example, the fact that punctuation

marks such as interrogative, exclamation, period are followed by a capital letter, and after colons and semicolons are often written with a lowercase letter is a factor that indicates the relationship between punctuation and orthography.

**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY** (**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**). Punctuation marks, on the one hand, allow the writer to express his written speech clearly, correctly and expressively, and on the other hand, make it possible for the reader to understand the specific idea of the text expressed by the writer. according to the writer's intention: punctuation. This punctuation mark is understood by the reader in the same way as the writer used it.

The use of this punctuation in written speech is based on a certain system. This system is determined primarily by the structure of the Uzbek language. Because "the essence of creating all language is in speech." ( A. A. Shakhmatov ) The grammatical structure of the Uzbek language is the logical-grammatical basis of the Uzbek language. So, the use of punctuation in the process of written speech has its own scientific-theoretical and social-practical basis. Punctuation marks between the text.

**ANALYSIS AND RESULTS (ANALYSIS AND RESULTS).** Punctuation marks are used to clarify the purpose of writing and to facilitate understanding. They are indicators and tools that determine semantic, grammatical, intonation relations, syntactic division of written speech, and ensure stylistic fluency.

Punctuation marks are of great importance in defining aspects such as the type, structural character, and emotional characteristics of the sentence in accordance with the purpose of expression. If we



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compare the following three similar sentences from a grammatical point of view, the role of punctuation in the expression of written language becomes very clear .

- 1. The cotton plan was completed ahead of schedule.
- 2. Was the cotton plan completed ahead of schedule?
- 3. The cotton plan was completed ahead of schedule. The first of these sentences is a message, the second is a question, and the third is an emotion.

Such semantic relations are expressed using intonation in oral speech; and in written speech it is shown only with the help of punctuation marks . It can be seen that the meaning (purpose ) in the written text can be clearly expressed using punctuation marks. Nowadays, the role of punctuation marks is increasing, the functions and scope are expanding.

This phenomenon is the wide development of printing, printing and publishing works in our republic, the rise of Uzbek written culture, the increase of people's literacy and the ability to use all forms of speech in their practical activities, and the expansion of the influence of fiction. The emergence, development and improvement of functional styles of language and literary language is explained by the wide-scale development and rise of speech culture. Accordingly , determining the place of punctuation marks in the expression of written speech is closely related to solving the current issues of speech culture, especially written speech culture.

cannot be imagined separately from written speech, which is a form of communication and interaction in people's social activities. The wide development of the periodical press in our country, the publication of newspapers and magazines in large circulation, and the publication of hundreds of books on various fields of production became an important factor in the development of written speech in all areas and became an important factor for this. Networks are an important factor in the development of written speech in everyone . became an integral part of writing and increased the vital need and need for punctuation.

Is it a stroller? I will take the melon here. You know, Master Toytolat is there. The farang on the cart is working. You will repair the cart with the money of the melon. The owner will not be disappointed. This text is logically and grammatically divided into seven independent parts - seven sentences. This is evident in the passage's use of full stops, question marks, and exclamation marks . Interrogatives, exclamations and periods in the text indicate not only the completion of

parts, but also the purpose of expression and the emotional side of these parts. So, the question mark, exclamation mark and periods in the text perform two main tasks: a) complete the sentence logically and grammatically; b) indicates the observable purpose and emotional states in this sentence. Although the comma in the fourth sentence also fulfills a logical-grammatical function, its function is different from the functions of question, exclamation and point: comma is different from the functions of question, exclamation and point. the previous part from the next part.

showing all the functions of using punctuation marks in written speech , we limit ourselves to highlighting their common aspects and the most common cases in the writing process. Punctuation marks serve to clearly express the content (meaning, idea) of the written text[3].

For example: "May my brother build... Shahadat!" Let it go; come on! The first sentence expresses emotion, the second sentence expresses exclamation. Punctuation marks not only express the general semantic relations specific to the whole sentence, but also have the feature of expressing the semantic relations specific to the parts of the sentence. (Proverbs) We have followed this path - we have reached our goal, our poetry has reached perfection.

The first of these conjunctions expresses a condition, the second an opposition, and the third a cause-and-effect relationship. In this case, despite the fact that the hyphen expresses different semantic relations (meanings) between the parts that make up a complex sentence, it performs one syntactic task the task of separating one sentence from another. The use of a single punctuation mark in such different meanings is punctuation polysemy. Homonymy of punctuation marks - one punctuation mark performs different functions. Sometimes the meaning of sentences is complex.

In such cases, punctuation marks are used together: Is this a strong bond, such love ?! (F. Usman ) Dividing and separating parts of sentences with punctuation marks is different. This difference is determined by syntactic relations, syntactic-stylistic situation. For example, the introductory word, exclamation and exclamation at the beginning and end of the sentence are separated by one (one) punctuation mark; and when in the middle of a sentence, it is separated by a double (two) punctuation mark: Finally, Ikees, can you imagine happiness other than honoring the people? The single and combined use of commas in the above examples does not mean that their function is different.



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Although there are two types of commas (singular and compound), they serve the same purpose - to separate the introductory words from the main sentence. is used. whether a particular text uses certain words or phrases in a different sense[4].

This function is mainly implemented using parentheses and quotation marks. Punctuation marks are distinguished according to their function. For example: "Why can't you live without sleep?" Sometimes such a feeling surrounds me: "Humanity is eternal, eternal, and do not let the sleep of carelessness enter you!" (Muzaffar Turobov) As if. in modern Uzbek writing, the basis of punctuation marks performs a logical-grammatical, syntactic-stylistic function. When determining the size, position and order of punctuation marks, they are converted into syntactic rules of a given language. Each punctuation mark in the written text reflects a specific syntactic and stylistic phenomenon[5].

**CONCLUSION** (**CONCLUSION**). In conclusion, it should be said that the correct use of punctuation marks in written speech is important in improving and stabilizing the standards of literary language and speech culture. Because speech culture is the art of speaking and writing correctly.

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