



## **CHARACTERISTICS OF ACTIVITIES OF STUDY AND ANALYSIS OF CRIMINOGENIC SITUATION IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE AREA OF PREVENTION INSPECTOR**

**Jalilov Nodirbek Komil oglu**

Specialized branch of TSUL  
Crime prevention and  
public safety  
department teacher,  
[jnbek93@gmail.com](mailto:jnbek93@gmail.com)

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<p><b>Received:</b> November 6<sup>th</sup> 2021 <b>Accepted:</b> December 6<sup>th</sup> 2021 <b>Published:</b> January 10<sup>th</sup> 2021</p>	<p>The article describes the specifics of the activities of the prevention inspector to study and analyze the criminogenic situation in the administrative territory, the scientific and practical significance of the study of the criminogenic situation, what is the study and analysis of the criminogenic situation and its procedure, content, Legal basis for the study and analysis of the criminogenic situation in the region, prevention inspectors to identify the causes and conditions of the criminogenic situation and cooperation with other government agencies in their elimination activities, prevention inspectors to identify the causes and conditions of the criminogenic situation and measures to eliminate them. The circumstances of the event were scientifically analyzed and appropriate proposals were made in this regard.</p>
<p><b>Keywords:</b> Prevention Inspector, Administrative Area, Public Safety, Criminogenic Situation, Crime, Law Enforcement, Cooperation, Law Enforcement, Law Enforcement.</p>	

As society develops, the mechanisms for committing offenses also become more complex. Therefore, the effective organization and implementation of crime prevention is one of the most important activities of not only law enforcement agencies, but also all law enforcement agencies. Over the past period, our country has been implementing large-scale reforms aimed at combating crime and improving crime prevention.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev said: in which the law enforcement agencies play an important role "[1]. In order to fulfill such urgent and responsible tasks at the level of modern requirements, large-scale reforms are being carried out in the system of internal affairs of our country.

During the years of independence, the Republic of Uzbekistan has created and improved the legal framework for combating crime and crime prevention.

In particular, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 14, 2014 No. 371 "On crime prevention", the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated September 29, 2010 "On the prevention of juvenile delinquency and delinquency" the law was passed.

"Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Uzbekistan, 2019 During the meeting of the board on April 27, it was noted that in the first three months of 2019 in the territory of the republic compared to the same period last year, all crimes increased by 31.6%, crimes committed in the criminal investigation - 40, An 8 percent reduction was achieved. In addition, 78 percent of neighborhoods have no crime at all."

In addition, the Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021 sets tasks such as "increasing the effectiveness of coordination of activities in the fight against crime and crime prevention" [2].

In particular, a single information system "Electronic Criminal Justice Statistics" of the Prosecutor General's Office and the Ministry of Internal Affairs has been introduced. According to him, the electronic forms of statistical cards provide a single account of criminal cases, pre-investigation materials, court hearings and the results of the execution of court decisions, as well as information on participants involved as defendants and victims.

As for the criminogenic situation, it is the state of crime, the events, incidents and processes associated with it, and their impact on society. The



assessment of the criminogenic situation requires taking into account: a) the state, structure, dynamics, level and geography of the crime, its specific types; b) the state of criminogenic determinants and level of impact; c) social, economic, demographic and other processes; g) anti-criminogenic factors and measures; h) the state of the forces and means of combating crime, etc.

In addition, in determining the amount of crimes and offenses and in the analysis of the criminogenic situation in the region, the following is taken into account:

a) crimes that have been completed by a court verdict;

(b) Crimes for which the perpetrators have been released from criminal liability or punishment (in connection with an amnesty or the replacement of a criminal penalty with a coercive measure or educational measure or an administrative measure);

(c) Crimes not disclosed but reported.

In determining the total number of offenders and offenses, the following is taken into account:

(a) Information on convicts;

(b) Information on persons released from criminal liability or punishment.

The state of crime, which is a collective concept, can be characterized not only by quantitative signs, but also by qualitative features, including: structural features, damage from crimes, economic, organized, recidivism or other crime rates, which can be analyzed in more detail in the analysis of crime content. is studied. The crime rate is determined by a number of coefficients. The coefficients may vary, but the coefficient of theft and the coefficient of criminogenic damage (criminogenicity) of the population play an important role [3].

The purpose of crime prevention is to regulate relations in the field of crime prevention. "Also, through the timely elimination of the causes and conditions of crime, raising the legal culture of all segments of the population, instilling in them a sense of respect for the law, intolerance to any form of crime, early prevention and prevention of crime. is obtained "[4].

Legal, social, organizational and other aspects of general, special, individual and victim prevention of offenses used to maintain and strengthen law and order, to identify and eliminate offenses, as well as to identify and eliminate the causes of offenses and the conditions that allow them other measures need to be taken systematically. The following conclusions and recommendations are submitted to the legislation as a result of the study of the final qualification work of the Inspector of Prevention on the organization of

activities for the study and analysis of the criminogenic situation in the administrative territory:

1. In order to mitigate the criminogenic situation in the neighborhoods and territories, it is clear that crimes against the person, crimes against the constitutional order, crimes related to looting and other crimes are being prepared and likely to be committed by citizens. It is advisable to introduce a simplified procedure for encouraging citizens to provide reasonable facts and information. For the convenience of citizens, create a mobile application "Safe Neighborhood" and introduce a system of rewarding those who report crimes on the basis of ratings.

Currently, only those who provide solid evidence of corruption and arbitrary occupation of land are subject to incentives. However, there are no incentives to report other serious or very serious crimes. However, the introduction of this procedure will significantly reduce the number of crimes.

"On the basis of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated April 18, 2017 No PP-2896" On measures to radically improve the activities of crime prevention units of law enforcement agencies "radically reformed the activities of law enforcement agencies for early prevention and prevention of crime."

2. In this case, as a suggestion to the legislation and based on the presumption of innocence, it should be noted that this authority should be obtained from inquirers, investigators and prosecutors under Articles 296 and 297 of the CPC, and only after the verdict On the basis of the proposal to study and stabilize the situation, a meeting should be held with the Inspector of Prevention and representatives of the mahalla citizens' assembly to determine the causes of the crime and the circumstances that led to it.

3. Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated July 24, 2019 No 624 "On additional measures to ensure public safety in public catering establishments and entertainment facilities operating at night" 3 In the third paragraph of paragraph "This resolution

Failure to comply with the requirements of paragraph 2 is prohibited at night and is punishable by law. However, the Code of Administrative Liability of the Republic of Uzbekistan does not provide for the disposition of an article providing for liability for violation of this requirement.

Therefore, Article 1651 of the Code of Administrative Liability of the Republic of Uzbekistan provides for "administrative liability to the owner or official of public catering establishments and entertainment facilities operating in violation of the requirements established by law. should be added.



Because many offenses and crimes in the regions fall on the share of nightclubs, and the requirements set out in this resolution are not observed by many nightclubs, and as a result of uncontrolled various misdemeanors and administrative offenses occur, and destabilizing the criminogenic situation in the region.

4. At the same time, in order to prevent violations at an early stage, the district asked the inspectors of prevention and the chairman of the citizens' assembly to provide employment to unorganized youth, unemployed youth, find a suitable job for them or take measures for employment. empowering assistance centers to submit mandatory applications (submissions) and imposing administrative sanctions on officials of the organization for non-compliance with these applications by the local labor authority.

In practice, if some unorganized unemployed youth apply to the district employment centers, their appeals will not be resolved satisfactorily due to the lack of legal culture of citizens. Typically, district employment centers do not take citizen-friendly employment measures in a superficial manner. There will be an opportunity to satisfy the appeals of the unemployed in the area on the basis of the lawful request of the chairman of the mahalla citizens' assembly and the inspector of prevention. The implementation of this requirement will stabilize the criminogenic situation in a particular area.

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