



THE ROLE OF INNOVATIVE ACTIVITY IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES IN UZBEKISTAN

Asimova Feruza Abdusattorovna
Tashkent State Technical University,
PhD student

Article history:	Abstract:
Received: 14 th June 2022 Accepted: 14 th July 2022 Published: 24 th August 2022	In the article, the implementation of structural changes in the economy of our country and the attraction of investments for it, including the strategic goals and objectives of the reforms to attract foreign investments, especially direct investments, are innovative in the development of industrial enterprises. information about the location of the activity is given.
Keywords: Export, value, innovation, consulting, sustainability, strategy, model.	

INTRODUCTION

In the sustainable development of regions and their territories, the importance of industrial sectors is high. Because, in addition to ensuring the rate of economic growth, industrial sectors create a basis for increasing the competitiveness of the economy by stimulating the diversification and localization of production. Processing of all raw materials mined in the industrial sector, created in production, and due to the production of various products from them, diversification processes will be improved. The practice of developed and high-growth countries in the world experience shows that their success was mainly due to structural changes in industrial sectors, especially processing industries.

In terms of deepening the reforms implemented in our country, "... not only the basic sectors of the economy, but also, first of all, the comprehensive development of the regions and ensuring the vital interests of all the citizens of our country and increasing their income should be important tasks in the future."¹ This situation requires the gradual economic development of any country to go through certain stages. For a country that is not economically strong, the foundation of its socio-economic development is laid through a step towards industrialization. Indeed, industrial development in the country is the basis for the development of many industries and sectors. Industrial enterprises play an important role in ensuring economic stability, maintaining jobs and creating new ones. Therefore, despite the pandemic, conditions have been created for the continuous operation of such enterprises in our country.

It is known from the theory of "economic development" that at first, the agrarian system passes to the industrialized production system, and then it

gives way to the post-industrial system (from the industrialized system to the national economy with a developed service sector).

ANALYSIS OF THE LITERATURE

The development of industrial enterprises and the scientific and methodological aspects of increasing economic efficiency have been studied by many foreign scientists, including M. Aoki, P. F. Drucker, G. Mensh, E. Hargadon, R. G. Cooper, S. Freyeman, G. P. Pisano and others.

General aspects of development of industrial enterprises and improvement of the management system at the stage of modernization of the economy in Uzbekistan. they are conducting scientific-research work on the study of mechanisms for increasing economic efficiency, including organizational, economic mechanisms, infrastructure and management issues.

MAIN PART

Implementation of structural changes in the economy of our country and attracting investments for it, including foreign investments, especially direct investments, based on the strategic goals and objectives of the reforms, as well as the development of the economy of Uzbekistan based on state policy, taking into account its specific characteristics.

In the conditions of the market economy, the main task of state statistics is to deeply reshape socio-economic processes in society on the basis of a system of scientifically based indicators, to check and predict economic development trends, to determine the existing opportunities for increasing the efficiency of the national economy, and to provide members of society with unique reliable information. is to provide with

¹ Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-4947 of February 7, 2017 "On the Strategy of Actions

for Further Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan", www.lex.uz



By the end of 2021, a total of 1.0 mln. More than a ton of cotton fiber was processed (18% more than in 2020).

The volume of production of industrial products is 64 trillion soums (growth rate - 145 percent), of which 33.0 trillion soums were produced by the enterprises that are members of the Association. textile and sewing-knitting products worth soums were produced.

Including: 750 thousand tons of flax yarn (119%), 550 mln. sq. m. gauze (135%), 176.0 thousand tons of knitted fabric (146%), 302 million pairs of socks (117%), 553 million. knitted products (129%) and 604 bln. Soum worth of sewing products (130%) were produced.

The export volume of textile and sewing-knitting products is 3.0 billion. made up to 1.6 times the rate of growth compared to last year.

243.3 million for 21 projects within the framework of the investment program. investments in the amount of \$174.0 million were made.

A total of 85 projects with a total value of 733.2 million dollars have been launched within the framework of regional development programs, and more than 22,000 new jobs have been created.

According to the information of the "Textile industry" association, the blockchain and sustainability map will be introduced in the textile industry of Uzbekistan.

It is noted that the "Textile industry" association launched the "Call to Action" program for the textile industry of Uzbekistan with the support of the European Economic Commission UNECE, the international trade center of the United Nations. For the implementation of this program, a grant of 5 million dollars was allocated, which will be directed to the following activities. This program aimed at introducing sustainable and digital trade in value chains in the textile and sewing industry of Uzbekistan will be implemented for 60 months. Now, implementation of activities such as national strategy and institutional development, training of civil servants and garment manufacturers, training of voluntary experts on sustainability and quality standards (VSS), increased selection of buyers and monitoring of suppliers, and expansion of blockchain pilot projects. planned.

Also, in January-December 2021, the share of production of textile products was 13.7%, the index of physical volume increased by 19.1%, the volume of production was 51507.0 billion. amounted to soum

² Socio-economic situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan, January-December 2021.

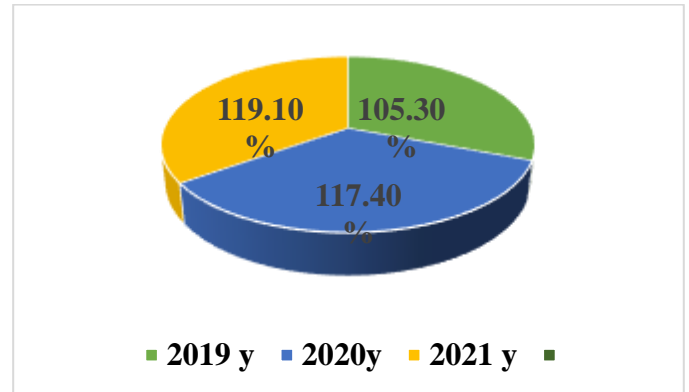


Figure 2. - State of the textile industry in 2019-2021²

According to the results of 2020, the share of the clothing manufacturing industry in the manufacturing industry was 3.4%, and the physical volume index was 107.2%, while in January-December 2021, its share in the manufacturing industry was 3.5%, and the physical volume index was 118.7 %, and the production volume is 13284.1 billion. is soum

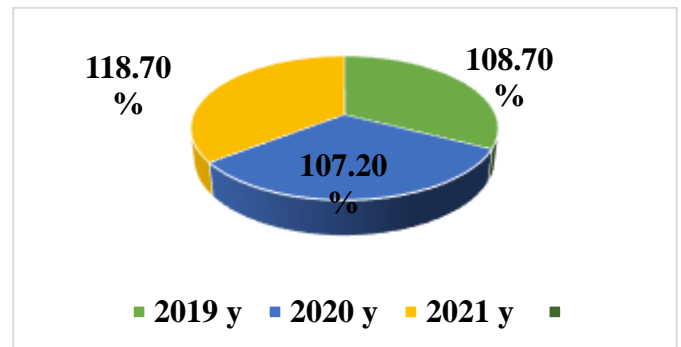


Figure 2 - The state of the clothing manufacturing industry in 2019-2021³

2,927.2 million this year. The export of textile products in US dollars accounted for 17.6% of total exports and increased by 52.3% compared to last year.

³ Socio-economic situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan, January-December 2021.



**Dynamics of export of textile products
(January-December, million USD)⁴
(1- table)**

Nº	Product types	2020 y	2021 y
1.	Cotton yarn	940,7	1613,5
2.	Ready-made knitted and crocheted clothes	506,7	644,9
3.	Patterned fabric	144,5	242,8
4.	Cotton gauze	96,8	131,6
5.	Other textile products	88,8	118,1
6.	Silk and silk products	74,9	78,1
7.	Cotton products	30,9	39,7
8.	Carpets	29,2	42,1
	Total	1922,4	2927,2

Since the beginning of the year, 522 types of textile products have been exported to 65 countries of the world. Among the exported textile products, cotton yarn (55.1%), ready-made knitwear and sewing clothes (22.0%) took the main share.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

Our research shows that innovative activity is an independent category, characterized by the effectiveness and regularity of innovations, the dynamics of innovation creation and practical implementation. It is possible to assess the level of innovative activity in industrial enterprises, its competitiveness and, as a result, the overall level of development. The higher the innovative activity of the enterprise, the more intensive its innovative activity. In our opinion, it is appropriate to distinguish two groups of factors that determine innovative activity in industrial enterprises: external factors that help to expand the limits of innovative activity in the enterprise, and internal factors aimed at establishing and managing innovative activity in the enterprise. The increase in innovative activity was classified based on the formation of a group of external factors that help to expand the limits of innovative activity in the enterprise and internal factors aimed at managing innovative activity in the enterprise.

LIST OF REFERENCES:

1. Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 7, 2017 No. PF-

⁴ Socio-economic situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan, January-December 2021.

- 4947 "On the Strategy of Actions for Further Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan", www.lex.uz.
2. Decision No. pQ4186 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 12, 2019 "On measures to further deepen the reform of the textile and knitwear industry and expand its export potential."
3. Socio-economic situation of the Republic of Uzbekistan, January-December 2021.
4. Information of the association "Textile industry".
5. www.stat.uz