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GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF THE POULTRY SECTOR IN THE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY OF THE NEW UZBEKISTAN

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Article history:		Abstract:
Received: Accepted: Published:	11 th January 2023 11 th February 2023 26 th March 2023	The development of the poultry industry in the country in this direction focuses on such topical issues as the continuous supply of the country's population with high-quality poultry and egg products, an increase in sales of domestic poultry products in the domestic and foreign markets, the widespread introduction of modern production methods, the creation of a value chain , effective use of modern information and communication technologies

Keywords: poultry clusters, increase in real income, increase in efficiency, creation of a value chain, rational poultry feeding.

As a result of the reforms of the last five years, the necessary political, legal, socio-economic, scientific and educational foundations for the formation of a new Uzbekistan have been created in our country.

Having carefully analyzed the complex processes in the world and the results of the progress of our country, having determined in subsequent years the priorities of reforms aimed at further improving the wellbeing of our people according to the principle "for the sake of man", the transformation of sectors of the economy and the rapid development of entrepreneurship, the unconditional provision of human rights and interests was established, formation of an active civil society.

In the development strategy of the new Uzbekistan for 2022-2026, several goals and objectives were set for the creation of a nationalist state by raising human values and further developing a free civil society. In order to increase the effectiveness of the activities of the Neighborhood Institute, to make it the basis of state administration and control:

• expanding the powers of the districts, strengthening their financial independence in order to solve socio-economic problems in the regions on the spot.

• ensure the participation of citizens in the life of their microdistrict and direct communication between state bodies and microdistricts, digitize the processes aimed at working with the population in microdistricts.

• Establishment of a system of appeal to all state institutions in the neighborhood, provision of public and social services directly in the neighborhood.

• Strengthening the system of state support based on the "growth points" of microdistricts and the specialization of the population living in them in entrepreneurial activities.

• Targeted training of highly qualified specialists for districts, basic management for all district presidents and deputy governors, employment, skills development in banking and finance, agriculture, land use, animal husbandry and poultry farming.

• Efficient activity of the Institute of assistant mayor of the district (city) on the development of entrepreneurship, employment and poverty reduction is being established.

In the case of bringing the annual growth rate of agriculture to at least 5 percent:

1. Measures to increase the growth rate in agriculture by an average of 6% in 2022. (Growing fruits and vegetables, gourds, potatoes of the main type for 23.7 million tons);

• planting vegetables on an area of 157.4 thousand hectares and the average yield from 234 to 260 centners;

• an increase in the main areas under potatoes by 22 thousand hectares to 71.8 thousand hectares, as well as an increase in yield from 210 centners to 230 centners;

• increase the main areas of field crops by 4.4 thousand hectares to 75.9 thousand hectares, as well as increase the yield from 170 centners to 200 centners;

• creation of intensive orchards on 25,000 hectares and new vineyards on 50,000 hectares, while the average yield was increased from 84 centners to



110 centners of fruits and from 120 centners to 135 centners of grapes.

2. In 2022, measures were taken to increase the growth rate of livestock production by an average of 6.2 percent. In that:

• the number of cattle was increased to 14.5 million heads, of which cows - up to 4.9 million heads, meat production - up to 2.7 million tons, milk - up to 12.2 million tons;

• 8.2 billion eggs and 468.4 thousand tons of poultry meat were produced;

• 700 thousand tons of fish were produced.

Attention was also paid to the issues of increasing the volume of livestock production by 1.5 - 2 times.

Implementation of new projects to increase the number of livestock and increase productivity:

• development of a targeted program, which clearly indicates the sources of funding for the implementation of 1868 livestock projects;

• Breeding of new breeds of fast-growing cattle towards the production of 100 thousand heads of meat in the regions of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, Jizzakh, Syrdarya, Navoi, Tashkent and Khorezm;

• increase the number of technical inseminators involved in artificial insemination from 3000 to 3200;

• Transfer of 200 livestock facilities to the "pedigree category";

• to focus on artificial insemination of 2.4 million heads (52 percent) of cows and calves of reproductive age in households.;

2. To bring the number of breeding farms in the poultry industry to 50.

• incubation to increase egg production to 265 million;

• implementation of 306 projects focused on poultry farming, of which the modernization and expansion of 7 enterprises and the implementation of 3 cluster-oriented projects;

 \bullet Distribution of 11.1 million heads of poultry among the households of the population was established.^1

Entrepreneurship is a priority of the economy of our country and is supported by the state. In particular, last year a total of 120 trillion soums of credit and financial assistance were allocated to small businesses. As a result, more than 104,000 businesses affected by the pandemic have been restored, and the cash flow of private enterprises has increased by 33% compared to the previous year. For the development of entrepreneurship, this is necessary as air in the presence of working capital. Given this important aspect, it is planned to provide entrepreneurs in our country with a loan to replenish working capital in the amount of at least 40 trillion soums.

President Shavkat Mirziyoyev set the task to completely solve the issue of providing poultry farms with feed.

For this:

 poultry farms will be allocated 400 billion soums of a revolving loan for the purchase of wheat;

 to increase the working capital of poultry enterprises, a system was introduced to provide a collateral in the amount of 50% of the collateral from the entrepreneurial fund and compensation of more than 17%;

 during the pandemic, the lending period for poultry enterprises was extended, which received a total of 834 billion soums, of which 400 billion soums were received in 2022.

Using these terms, it was stated that poultry meat production should increase by at least 35 percent by the end of the year to 600,000 tons.

In order to analyze the poultry market and place projects correctly, all processes from production to sales are digitized.²

Measures to support the continuous supply of food to the population are being expanded in line with measures to ensure the continuous supply of food, including livestock and poultry products.

To do this, until January 1, 2023:

 22 types of consumer and food products (meat and poultry products, fish, dairy products, fruits, vegetable oil) are exempt from customs duties;

 when importing food products, the application of duties at an increased rate was suspended;

- restrictions on the import of food products during public procurement have been temporarily lifted.

The powers will be strengthened in cases of unreasonable increase in the market price, violation of competition, obstruction of access to the market. Today, practical assistance is provided in all processes related to lending, logistics and imports to entrepreneurs who import products that are not enough in the region.³

The program of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2022-2026 on the development of the livestock sector and its industries has established

³https://uza.uz/uz/posts/2023-yil-1-yanvarga-qadar-22-taturdagi-istemol-va-oziq-ovqat-mahsulotlari-bozhxonabozhlaridan-ozod-etiladi_376996

¹ Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated January 28, 2022, No. UP-60.

² https://uza.uz/uz/posts/parranda-mahsulotlarini-ishlabchiqarishdan-sotishgacha-bolgan-barcha-zharayonlarraqamlashtiriladi_376969



priority goals and objectives for the rapid development of the livestock sector and its industries, the sustainable provision of the population of the Republic with food and the expansion of production capabilities.⁴ When analyzing the current state of the livestock sector and its industries, today in our republic there are a total of 18,032 livestock farms, of which 1,163 are organized in the direction poultry farming, and the cultivation of eggs per capita is planned to be increased to 236 units, and poultry meat - to 6.5 kilograms.

The program also establishes measures aimed at developing the poultry sector and providing the country's population with high-quality poultry and egg products in this direction, increasing sales of domestic poultry products in the domestic and foreign markets.

In this case, work on the rational feeding of poultry is established on a scientific basis. When introducing a cluster system for growing and purchasing grain feed, measures are being considered to meet the needs of enterprises in nutrients.

Work on breeding poultry in the apartments of the population is organized on the basis of a cooperative system with poultry enterprises, employment is provided for the population and incomes are increased.

To achieve these goals, the following is required: • increase the competitiveness of poultry farming, organize poultry clusters based on the experience of advanced foreign countries and widely

introduce innovative technologies;
by actively attracting foreign direct investment in the poultry industry, expanding poultry production, including feed production, poultry waste processing, production of finished products and export geography;

• in order to expand the range of poultry products and further strengthen market relations, introduce poultry farming, take measures to increase the popularity of such areas as breeding turkeys, quails, geese and ducks, as well as ostriches;

• measures of state support for domestic enterprises producing feed additives for poultry, vitamins, veterinary drugs and disinfectants, equipment used in poultry farming;

• in the apartments of the population, tasks are set to breed domestic poultry in rural areas in order to ensure more stable demand for poultry and eggs.

• Also in the program for the development of the poultry industry:

• increase the volume of poultry meat production from 210 thousand tons to 536 thousand tons;

• Egg production increased from 8.1 billion to 12.8 billion eggs, as well as from 236 to 329 eggs per capita;

• documents were developed that define the requirements for biological and technical safety of the OECD related to the activities of poultry enterprises.

In conclusion, in the further development of this branch of sheep breeding: an increase in the number of poultry and farms that prepare products that meet the requirements of the World Trade Organization, the organization of small poultry farms and cooperatives that provide additional income and employment for rural residents, the organization of a breeding farm of the second order of reproduction in the direction of meat, increasing the share of semi-finished products from poultry meat - the population is expanding its opportunities to purchase poultry products.

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